AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATION

IN THE SPECIFICATION:

Please delete the following paragraphs from page 17, line 5 to page 18, line 9:

~~Of the hydrolytically condensable silicon compounds, different from the silanes of general formula I, which can optionally also be used, those of the general formula VII are likewise preferred:~~

~~$$\{X_nR_kSi[(R^{11}Q)]_{4-(n+k)}\}_xE \qquad (VII)$$~~

~~in which the individual radicals Q, R, R^{11} and X are in each case the same or different, R and X have the above, and Q, E, R^{11}, n, k, l and x the following meaning:~~

~~Q = O, S, PR', POR', NHC(O)O or NHC(O)NR", with R" = hydrogen, alkyl or aryl;~~

~~E = straight chained or branched organic radical which derives from a compound E' with at least one (for l = 1 and Q = NHC(O)O or NHC(O)NR") or at least two C=C double bonds and 5 to 50 carbon atoms, with R" = hydrogen, alkyl or aryl;~~

~~R^{11} = alkylene, arylene or alkylenearylene;~~

~~n = 1, 2 or 3;~~

~~k = 0, 1 or 2;~~

~~I = 0 or 1;~~

~~x = an integer, the maximum value of which corresponds to the number of double bonds in the compound E' minus 1 or is the same as the number of double bonds in the compound E', if I = 1 and Q stands for NHC(O)O or NHC(O)NR".~~

~~Such silanes are described in DE-A-4 011 044 and in EP-A-91 105 355.~~

~~The radical E derives from a substituted or unsubstituted compound E', with at least two C=C double bonds, for example vinyl, aryl, acryl, and/or methacrylate groups, and 5 to 50, preferably 6 to 30 carbon atoms. E preferably derives from a substituted or unsubstituted compound E' with two or more acrylate or methacrylate groups (such compounds are called (meth)acrylates in the following).~~

~~If the compound E' is substituted, the substituents can be selected from among the above named substituents.~~